



College Name: Centre for Allied Health Sciences, AIMS, Cochin

Course Name: Paper VI- General Medicine, General Surgery, Pediatrics

Teaching Faculty:

Course Program: Bachelor of Science Physician Assistant

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature: No. of Hours: 05 Hours

No. of Students: 12 **Semester:** Third

BPA21 Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Antimicrobial resistance Mechanisms in brief.
- ✓ AMR burden in the global and national level, Surveillance strategies, Existing AMR surveillance systems.
- ✓ Multidrug resistant nosocomial pathogens: MRSA, VRE, ESBL-producers, Carbapenemase producers.
- ✓ Transmission of antimicrobial resistance in the nosocomial setting and Hospital Infection control
- ✓ Overview of antimicrobial susceptibility testing
- ✓ Introduction to Antimicrobial stewardship.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS (REFERENCE BOOKS/TEXT BOOKS):

- 1. Manual of Infection Prevention and control **Nizam** Damani
- 2. Antimicrobial Drug Resistance Douglas L Mayer
- 3. Apurba Sastry & Deepashree's Essentials of Hospital **Infection Control**
- 4. Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- 5. Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology 14th Edition

EVALUATION SCHEME & COMPONENTS:

- ✓ Sessional exams
- End term assessment

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

✓ Lecture



- √ -To educate them on the need for containment of AMR
- ✓ -Develop skills to understand their responsibility to combat AMR through judicious handling of antimicrobials and infection control practices.





College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: A course on AMR

Teaching Faculty: Faculty of nursing, infection control nurses

Course Program: Bachelors in Nursing

Type: New

Compulsory Nature: No. of Hours: 15 Hours 100 No. of Students: Semester: 4th year

BSN404AMR Course Code:

SYLLABUS

✓ Basics of antimicrobial therapy and AMR

✓ AMR – Prevention / reduction

✓ Hospital acquired infections

✓ IPC in infectious diseases

✓ Surveillance in AMR

✓ Antimicrobial stewardship

RECOMMENDED READING MATERIALS (TEXTBOOKS/WEBSITES/ REFERENCE BOOKS/ORIGINAL PAPERS AND REVIEW ARTICLES FROM **JOURNALS**)

- WHO competency framework for health workers' education and training on antimicrobial resistance. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2018 (WHO/HIS/HWF/AMR/2018.1). Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO
- Ananthanarayan R. Ananthanarayan and Paniker's textbook of microbiology. Orient Blackswan; Prithvi books; 11th edn 2020
- Sastry AS, Bhat S. Essentials of medical microbiology. Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers Pvt. Limited; 2018 Oct 31.
- Fauci AS, Kasper DL, Hauser SL, Jameson JL, Loscalzo J. Harrison's principles of internal medicine. Longo DL, editor. New York: Mcgraw-hill; 2012.
- ✓ Katzung BG. Basic and clinical pharmacology. Mc Graw Hill; 2012.

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Pre post assessment

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Lecture
- ✓ Power point presentations
- ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Assignments
- ✓ Discussion



SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

On completion of the course, the students

- ✓ explain basic knowledge on effective antimicrobial therapy and AMR.
- describe the role of bedside nursing in preventing / reducing AMR.
- describe the guidelines in the management of hospital acquired infections.
- ✓ illustrate Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) practices in the therapeutic management of infectious diseases.
- ✓ Describe principles and processes of surveillance of AMR.
- Explain the role of nurses in antimicrobial stewardship.
- ✓ communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team regarding AMR.
- ✓ demonstrate skills in teaching individuals and groups in varying health settings regarding effective antimicrobial therapy.





Centre for Allied Health Sciences, AIMS, Cochin **College Name:**

Course Name: Applied Sciences-1

Teaching Faculty: Dr. Nandita and Dr. Sanjeev K Singh **Course Program: Bachelor of Science Respiratory Therapy**

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 05 Hours

No. of Students: 10

Semester: 2nd year RPT23 Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Antimicrobial resistance Mechanisms in brief.
- ✓ AMR burden in the global and national level, Surveillance strategies, Existing AMR surveillance systems.
- ✓ Multidrug resistant nosocomial pathogens: MRSA, VRE, ESBL-producers, Carbapenemase producers.
- ✓ Transmission of antimicrobial resistance in the nosocomial setting and Hospital Infection Control
- ✓ Overview of antimicrobial susceptibility testing
- ✓ Introduction to Antimicrobial stewardship
- ✓ Hospital infection control.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS (REFERENCE BOOKS/TEXT BOOKS):

- ✓ Manual of Infection Prevention and control NizamDamani
- ✓ Antimicrobial Drug Resistance Douglas L Mayer
- ✓ ApurbaSastry & Deepashree's Essentials of Hospital Infection Control
- Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- ✓ Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology 14th Edition

EVALUATION SCHEME & COMPONENTS:

- ✓ Sessional exams
- ✓ End term assessment



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

✓ Lecture

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

- ✓ Due to the accelerated emergence of AMR specific actions from various stakeholders like respiratory therapists, public health professionals and physician assistants are necessary.
- ✓ These health professionals with their association with the patients and their role in infection control are a part of a multidisciplinary team and one of the most appropriate groups to combat AMR



COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME:

Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- To educate them on the need for containment of AMR
- Develop skills to understand their responsibility to combat AMR through judicious handling of antimicrobials and infection control practices.





College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Pharmacy Practice Theory

Clinical Pharmacist Teaching Faculty: **Course Program: Bachelors in Pharmacy**

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 02 Hours

No. of Students: 60 Semester: Seven Course Code: **BP703T**

SYLLABUS

- Definition of Antimicrobial resistance, Overview on resistance mechanisms, AMR surveillance system
- ✓ Introduction to GLAS, AMR burden in the global and national level, consequences of AMR
- ✓ Strategies developed to overcome AMR, Concepts of GAP,NAP and KARSAP
- ✓ Guidelines on AMR, role of pharmacists in preventing AMR
- ✓ Introduction to antimicrobial Stewardship

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Lecture
 - ✓ Chalk Board Method



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Reygaert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational use/AMR Surveillance/en/

- √ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR



EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Internal assessment
- ✓ End semester exam

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the -adverse health impacts of AMR. This training on risk management and prevention of antibiotic resistance help them to understand their potential role in improving AMR.

✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, the urge to contain AMR, its impact in the society, various strategies adopted on a global and national basis to overcome the AMR







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Microbiology

Faculty of Microbiology Teaching Faculty: **Course Program: Bachelors in Dental Surgery**

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 05 Hours

No. of Students: 60

Semester/Year: Second Year

D1GPM Course Code:

SYLLABUS

✓ Burden of antimicrobial resistance:

✓ Mechanisms of antibiotic resistance: Antibiotic susceptibility testing: Infection control

✓ Antimicrobial stewardship

✓ MOOC



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

✓ Power point presentations

✓ Lecture



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

- ✓ Mandell, Douglas and Bennett's Principles and | Practice of Infectious Diseases
- ✓ Apurba Sastry and Deepashree's Essentials of Hospital Infection Control
- ✓ Ananthanarayanan & Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology
- ✓ Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- ✓ IDSA guidelines



EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Online/offline tests
- ✓ Assignments

- ✓ In dentistry, antibiotics are prescribed for the treatment of odontogenic infections, especially endodo-ntic infections, and prophylaxis of local and systemic spread.
- ✓ Studies report that 15% of the dentists prescribe antibiotics daily and many prescriptions have proven to be unnecessary potentially aiding the emergence of resistance.
- ✓ The proposed module would help young dental professionals understand the magnitude of burden of amr and their role in the rational use of antimicrobials to prevent amr.







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: General and dental pharmacology and therapeutics

Teaching Faculty: Faculty of Pharmacology **Course Program: Bachelors in Dental Surgery**

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 07 Hours

No. of Students: 60

Second Year Semester/Year

Course Code: **DIGDP**

SYLLABUS

✓ General considerations in antimicrobial chemotherapy: bactericidal and bacteriostatic antibiotics, pharmacokinetics.

✓ Classes of antibiotics: cell-wall acting - beta lactams, glycopeptides. Polymyxins. linezolid. Quinolones, sulfonamides, miscellaneous agents.

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

✓ Power point presentations

✓ Lecture



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

- ✓ Harrison's principles of internal medicine
- ✓ Katzung basic and clinical pharmacology 14th edition
- ✓ Idsa guidelines
- ✓ www.uptodate.com



EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Online/offline tests
- ✓ Assignments

- ✓ In dentistry, antibiotics are prescribed for the treatment of odontogenic infections, especially endodo-ntic infections, and prophylaxis of local and systemic spread.
- ✓ Studies report that 15% of the dentists prescribe antibiotics daily and man prescriptions have proven to be unnecessary potentially aiding the emergence of resistance.
- ✓ The proposed module would help young dental professionals understand the magnitude of burden of AMR and their role in the rational use of antimicrobials to prevent AMR.







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: AMR and role of antimicrobial stewardship

Teaching Faculty: Ms Anila K.N

Course Program: Master of Pharmacy

Type: New Nature: Compulsory

No. of Hours: 15 Hours No. of Students: 07

Third Semester: **MPP302C** Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Definition of Antimicrobial resistance
- ✓ Overview on resistance mechanisms
- ✓ AMR surveillance system
- ✓ Introduction to GLASS
- ✓ AMR burden in the global and national level
- ✓ Consequences of AMR
- ✓ Strategies developed to overcome AMR
- Concepts of GAP, NAP and KARSAP, WHO guidelines on AMR
- Antimicrobial Stewardship

RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Revagert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational_use/AM R Surveillance/en/

- ✓ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR
- ✓ Global Antibiotic Resistance Partnership

(https://www.cddep.org/wpcontent/uploads/2017/06/india-report-web 8.pdf)



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Problem solving methods
 - ✓ Lecture

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the adverse health impacts of AMR. Studies shows that pharmacists play a key role in improving the antimicrobial resistance.

This training enables them to understand their potential role in improving AMR and

help them to develop expertise in rational use of antimicrobials. Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, its impact on various levels in the society and current strategies adopted on global and national level to contain AMR
- ✓ Identify existing gaps in the systems to prevent **AMR**

EVALUATION PATTERN

✓ 1 credit will be awarded on the completion of entire 15 hours theoretical training





College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Microbiology

Dr. Sanjeev K Singh **Teaching Faculty:**

Course Program: Bachelors in Medicine and Surgery (MBBS)

Modernised Type:

Compulsory Nature: No. of Hours: 06 Hours

No. of Students: 100

Year Second 2MB.MI Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Mechanisms of antibiotic resistance: impaired drug entry, drug inactivation, target alteration. Multidrug resistance.
- ✓ Horizontal transfer of drug resistance: insertion sequences, transposons, integrons. Transformation, Transduction, Conjugation



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Lecture
 - ✓ Chalkboard Method



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

- ✓ Manual of Infection Prevention and control **Nizam** Damani
- ✓ Antimicrobial Drug Resistance Douglas L Mayer
- ✓ ApurbaSastry & Deepashree's Essentials of Hospital Infection Control
- ✓ Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- ✓ Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology 14th Edition
- ✓ IDSA guidelines



EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Offline examinations
- ✓ Assignments

- ✓ Inappropriate antimicrobial prescriptions major factor contributing to AMR
- ✓ Junior or newly qualified doctors large prescribing group and most mobile workforce
- ✓ To train medical students and to positively influence their knowledge, attitudes, and behaviour with regard to antibiotic prescription practices.







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Pharmacology

Teaching Faculty: Faculty of Pharmacology

Course Program: Bachelors in Medicine and Surgery (MBBS)

Modernised Type:

Nature: Compulsory

No. of Hours: 10 Hours

100 No. of Students:

Year Second

2MB.PH Course Code:

SYLLABUS

✓ Classification by mechanism of Action, Bactericidal and **Bacteriostatic** agents

✓ Cell wall active agents : penicillins, Penicillinase inhibitors, Cephalosporins, Carbapenems, alycopeptides

✓ Anti-tubercular drugs, anti-protozoal, antihelminthic drugs



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

✓ Power point presentations

✓ Lecture

✓ ChalkBoard Method



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

- ✓ Manual of Infection Prevention and control **Nizam**Damani
- ✓ Antimicrobial Drug Resistance Douglas L Mayer
- ✓ ApurbaSastry & Deepashree's Essentials of Hospital Infection Control
- ✓ Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- ✓ Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology 14th Edition
- ✓ IDSA guidelines



EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Offline examinations
- ✓ Assignments

- ✓ Inappropriate antimicrobial prescriptions major factor contributing to AMR
- ✓ Junior or newly qualified doctors large prescribing group and most mobile workforce
- ✓ To train medical students and to positively influence their knowledge, attitudes, and behaviour with regard to antibiotic prescription practices.
- ✓ This targeted educational program enables them to appropriately prescribe antimicrobials and to gain an understanding of antimicrobial resistance (AMR)







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Clerkship Activity Teaching Faculty: Ms Anila KN

Course Program: Doctor of Pharmacy - REGULAR

Type: New

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 15 Hours No. of Students: 30

Year: **Fifth** PD 5.6 Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Introduction to Antimicrobial resistance
- ✓ Strategies to combat AMR
- Role of clinical pharmacist
- ✓ Antimicrobial Stewardship
- ✓ Guidelines for appropriate use of antimicrobials based on common focus of infections



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Problem solving methods
 - ✓ Bedside Training
 - ✓ Lecture

RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Reygaert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational use/AMR Surveillance/en/

- √ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR
- ✓ Global Antibiotic Resistance Partnership (https://www.cddep.org/wpcontent/uploads/2017/06/india-report-web 8.pdf)



SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the adverse health impacts of AMR. Studies shows that pharmacists play a key role in improving the antimicrobial resistance. Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, its impact on various levels in the society and current strategies adopted on global and national level to contain AMR
- ✓ Identify existing gaps in the systems to prevent **AMR**
- ✓ Understand the need of strategies like Antimicrobial Stewardship (ASP).

EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Power point presentation
- ✓ with Oral VIVA

Follow us at:







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences

Course Name: Clerkship Activity Teaching aculty: Ms Anila KN

Course Program: Post Baccalaureate Studies in Pharmacy

Type: New

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 15 Hours

No. of Students: 10

Semester: Second **PD.PB 2.8** Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- ✓ Introduction to Antimicrobial resistance
- ✓ Strategies to combat AMR
- Role of clinical pharmacist
- ✓ Antimicrobial Stewardship
- ✓ Guidelines for appropriate use of antimicrobials based on common focus of infections



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Problem solving methods

✓ Lecture

RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Reygaert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational use/AMR Surveillance/en/

- ✓ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR
- ✓ Global Antibiotic Resistance Partnership (https://www.cddep.org/wpcontent/uploads/2017/06/india-report-web 8.pdf)



SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the adverse health impacts of AMR. Studies shows that pharmacists play a key role in improving the antimicrobial resistance. Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, its impact on various levels in the society and current strategies adopted on global and national level to contain AMR
- ✓ Identify existing gaps in the systems to prevent **AMR**
- ✓ Understand the need of strategies like Antimicrobial Stewardship (ASP).

EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Power point presentation
- ✓ Oral Questions and Answers

Follow us at:







College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences Role of **Course Name:** Antimicrobial stewardship to curb AMR theory

Teaching Faculty: Faculty from Internal Medicine, Microbiology & Clinical

Pharmacy

Course Program: Post Baccalaureate Studies in Pharmacy

Type: New Nature: Compulsory

No. of Hours: 416 Hours

No. of Students: 10 Semester: **Third**

PD.PB 3.1 Course Code:

SYLLABUS

✓ Overview on common HAIs including CRE, VRE, MRSA, LRE, Colistin resistance, candida auris

- ✓ Advanced antimicrobial stewardship practices
- Overcoming the challenges in antimicrobial stewardship
- Antitubercular stewardship, introduction to antifungal stewardship, diagnostic stewardship, outpatient stewardship



TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- ✓ Power point presentations
 - ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Problem solving methods
 - ✓ Lecture + Internship



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Reygaert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational use/AMR Surveillance/en/

- √ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR
- ✓ Global Antibiotic Resistance Partnership (https://www.cddep.org/wpcontent/uploads/2017/06/india-report-web 8.pdf)



SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the adverse health impacts of AMR. Studies shows that pharmacists play a key role in improving the antimicrobial resistance. Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, its impact on various levels in the society and current strategies adopted on global and national level to contain AMR
- ✓ Identify existing gaps in the systems to prevent **AMR**
- ✓ Understand the need of strategies like Antimicrobial Stewardship (ASP).

EVALUATION PATTERN

- ✓ Internal Assessment
- ✓ Pre Post MCQ

Follow us at:









College Name: Amrita Institute of Medical Sciences **Course Name:** Antimicrobial Stewardship theory (part2)

Faculty from Internal Medicine, Microbiology & Clinical **Teaching Faculty:**

Pharmacy

Course Program: Doctor of Pharmacy - REGULAR

Type: New

Compulsory Nature:

No. of Hours: 416 Hours

No. of Students: 30 Semester: Sixth PD 6.1 Course Code:

SYLLABUS

- Overview on common HAIs including CRE, VRE, MRSA, LRE, Colistin resistance, candida auris
- Advanced antimicrobial stewardship practices
- Overcoming the challenges in antimicrobial stewardship
- Antitubercular stewardship, introduction to antifungal steward
- ASP matrices includes DDD, Length of stay, Cost benefit analysis, deescalation rates, mortality rate, empiric to targeted conversion
- Orientation on qualitative and quantitative research studies to prevent AMR, PESTEL aspects to prevent AMR

TEACHING METHODOLOGY ✓ Power point presentations

- ✓ Chalk-board method
- ✓ Problem solving methods
 - ✓ Lecture + Internship



RECOMMENDED MATERIAL

✓ Reygaert WC. An overview of the antimicrobial resistance mechanisms of bacteria. AIMS Microbiol. 2018;4(3):482-501. Published 2018 Jun 26. doi:10.3934/microbiol.2018.3.482.

https://www.who.int/medicines/areas/rational use/AMR Surveillance/en/

- √ https://www.who.int/glass/en/
- ✓ WHO Global action plan on AMR, National Action Plan on AMR, Kerala State Action Plan on AMR
- ✓ Global Antibiotic Resistance Partnership (https://www.cddep.org/wpcontent/uploads/2017/06/india-report-web 8.pdf)

SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a global health challenge and developing countries are more vulnerable to the adverse health impacts of AMR. Studies shows that pharmacists play a key role in improving the antimicrobial resistance. Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to

- ✓ Understand the basic concepts of antimicrobial resistance, its impact on various levels in the society and current strategies adopted on global and national level to contain AMR
- ✓ Identify existing gaps in the systems to prevent **AMR**
- ✓ Understand the need of strategies like Antimicrobial Stewardship (ASP).

EVALUATION PATTERN

✓ Internal Assessment